# Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary

Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014

# **Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Corporate information**

Investment Licence No. 270/GP	16 November 1991
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**Investment Certificate No.** 472033000328 (1st amendment) 28 November 2007

 472033000328 (2nd amendment)
 20 May 2010

 472033000328 (3rd amendment)
 22 April 2011

 472033000328 (4th amendment)
 18 October 2011

 472033000328 (5th amendment)
 14 May 2014

The Company's investment licence has been amended several times, the most recent of which is by investment licence No. 270 CPH/GCNDDC3-BHK dated 23 August 2006. The investment licence and its amendments were issued by the Ministry of Planning and Investment and are valid for 50 years.

The investment certificates were issued by the Dong Nai Industrial Zone Authority and are valid for 50 years from the date of the initial investment licence.

**Board of Management** Michio Nagabayashi Chairman

Toru Yamasaki Member Hiroshi Fujikawa Member Nguyen Thi Kim Lien Member Takayuki Morisawa Member

**Board of Directors** Michio Nagabayashi General Director

Hidefumi Matsuo

Kazufumi Nagashima Director/General Manager

of Factory

Yoshihisa Fujiwara (until 24 March 2014)
Director/General Manager

of Factory

(from 24 March 2014) Director/General Manager

of Administration

Nguyen Thi Kim Lien Director/General Manager

of Finance

Taiichiro Iizumi Director/General Manager of

Sales and Marketing

Yutaka Ogami Director/General Manager of

Finance Controller

**Registered Office** Lot 13, Tam Phuoc Industrial Zone

Bien Hoa City Dong Nai Province

Vietnam

**Auditors** KPMG Limited

Vietnam

# Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Statement of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard 27 – Interim Financial Reporting, the relevant requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting System for Enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting. In the opinion of the Board of Directors:

- (a) the consolidated interim financial statements set out on pages 4 to 42 give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2014, and of the consolidated results of operations and the consolidated cash flows of the Group for the sixmonth period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard 27 Interim Financial Reporting, the relevant requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting System for Enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are no reasons to believe that the Group will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Directors has, on the date of this statement, authorised these consolidated interim financial statements for issue.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

(Signed and sealed)

Michio Nagabayashi
Chairman – cum General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 18 August 2014

### INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REVIEW REPORT

# To the Shareholders Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements of Interfood Shareholding Company ("the Company") and its subsidiary (collectively "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2014, the related consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and the explanatory notes thereto which were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 18 August 2014, as set out on pages 4 to 42. These consolidated interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the Vietnamese Standard on Auditing 910 - Engagements to Review Financial Statements. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the consolidated interim financial statements are free of material misstatements. A review primarily involves inquiries of group personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provide less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary as at 30 June 2014 and of their consolidated results of operations and their consolidated cash flows for the sixmonth period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard 27 – Interim Financial Reporting, the relevant requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting System for Enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting.

### KPMG Limited's Branch in Ho Chi Minh City

Vietnam

Operating registration certificate No.: 4114000230

Review Report No: 14-01-284

(Signed)	(Signed and sealed)
Nguyen Thanh Nghi	Chong Kwang Puay
Practicing Auditor Registration	Practicing Auditor Registration
Certificate No. 0304-2013-007-1	Certificate No. 0864-2013-007-1

Ho Chi Minh City, 18 August 2014

Deputy General Director

# **Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2014**

Form B 01a - DN/HN

	Code	Note	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
ASSETS				
Current assets (100 = 110 + 130 + 140 + 150)	100		288,418,656	310,139,687
Cash	110	5	68,473,871	97,180,048
Accounts receivable	130		24,600,995	30,435,600
Accounts receivable – trade	131		19,446,476	27,402,646
Prepayments to suppliers	132		7,087,342	4,981,139
Other receivables	135		112,645	97,283
Allowance for doubtful debts	139		(2,045,468)	(2,045,468)
Inventories	140	6	192,658,055	180,423,407
Inventories	141		208,996,491	180,423,407
Allowance for inventories	149		(16,338,436)	-
Other current assets	150		2,685,735	2,100,632
Short-term prepayments	151		1,990,487	1,115,439
Deductible value added tax	152		34,351	509,851
Taxes receivable from State Treasury	154		60,888	19,552
Other current assets	158		600,009	455,790
Long-term assets $(200 = 220 + 260)$	200		339,361,648	353,382,119
Fixed assets	220		305,977,210	346,940,878
Tangible fixed assets	221	7	294,863,471	308,326,494
Cost	222		606,271,373	601,363,233
Accumulated depreciation	223		(311,407,902)	(293,036,739)
Intangible fixed assets	227	8	9,587,391	35,882,573
Cost	228		10,815,193	43,675,947
Accumulated amortisation	229		(1,227,802)	(7,793,374)
Construction in progress	230	9	1,526,348	2,731,811
Other long-term assets	260		33,384,438	6,441,241
Long-term prepayments	261	10	31,930,463	4,990,766
Other long-term assets	268		1,453,975	1,450,475
TOTAL ASSETS $(270 = 100 + 200)$	270	•	627,780,304	663,521,806

# **Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2014 (continued)**

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	Code	Note	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
RESOURCES				
<b>LIABILITIES</b> $(300 = 310 + 330)$	300		649,654,530	595,820,918
Current liabilities	310		504,598,250	451,830,974
Short-term borrowings	311	11	362,015,000	326,740,000
Accounts payable – trade	312	12	99,988,777	86,605,589
Advances from customers	313		4,040,036	6,118,814
Taxes payable to State Treasury	314	13	400,390	456,850
Payables to employees	315		11,684,105	13,440,963
Accrued expenses	316	14	25,615,794	17,748,074
Other payables	319	15	854,148	720,684
Long-term liabilities	330		145,056,280	143,989,944
Long-term deposits	331		26,139	26,139
Long-term borrowings	334	16	138,417,500	137,020,000
Deferred tax liabilities	335	17	3,528,116	3,819,011
Provision for severance allowance	337	18	3,084,525	3,124,794
<b>EQUITY</b> $(400 = 410)$	400		(25,139,044)	64,716,007
Owners' equity	410	19	(25,139,044)	64,716,007
Share capital	411	20	501,409,840	591,443,888
Share premium	412		85,035,704	85,035,704
Other reserves	418	21	57,498,796	(32,535,252)
Accumulated losses	420		(669,083,384)	(579,228,333)
MINORITY INTEREST	439		3,264,818	2,984,881
TOTAL RESOURCES (440 = 300 + 400 + 439)	440		627,780,304	663,521,806

# **Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2014 (continued)**

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# **OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Foreign currency		
• USD	34,879,197	43,676,277
• EUR	10,268	10,426

18 August 2014

Prepared by: Approved by:

(Signed and sealed)

(Signed)

Nguyen Hong Phong Michio Nagabayashi
Chief Accountant Chairman – cum General Director

# Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated statement of income for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014

Form B 02a - DN/HN

	Code	Note	Six-month pe 30/6/2014 VND'000	riod ended 30/6/2013 VND'000
Total revenue	01	22	546,199,824	511,218,295
Less revenue deductions	02	22	19,648,111	14,446,401
Net revenue (10 = 01 - 02)	10	22	526,551,713	496,771,894
Cost of sales	11	23	396,026,609	347,527,703
<b>Gross profit (20 = 10 - 11)</b>	20		130,525,104	149,244,191
Financial income Financial expenses In which: Interest expenses Selling expenses General and administration expenses	21 22 23 24 25	24 25	3,339,738 11,281,954 <i>3,470,061</i> 201,950,887 17,245,930	800,495 9,148,404 4,278,250 197,782,484 17,801,749
Net operating loss ${30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (24 + 25)}$	30	-	(96,613,929)	(74,687,951)
Other income Other expenses	31 32	26	8,171,776 1,423,856	108,454,793 3,382,334
Results of other activities (40 = 31 - 32)	40	_	6,747,920	105,072,459
(Loss)/profit before tax $(50 = 30 + 40)$	50	-	(89,866,009)	30,384,508
Income tax expense – current	51	27	-	-
Income tax (benefit)/expense – deferred	52	27	(290,895)	240,261
Net (loss)/profit after tax (60 = 50 - 51 - 52)	60	=	(89,575,114)	30,144,247

# Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated statement of income for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014 (continued)

Form B 02a - DN/HN

	Code	Note	Six-month per 30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000
Attributable to:				
Minority interest	61		279,937	3,412,059
Equity holders of the Company	62		(89,855,051)	26,732,188
(Loss)/earnings per share		=		
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (in VND)	70	28	(1,792)	917

18 August 2014

Prepared by: Approved by:

(Signed) (Signed and sealed)

Nguyen Hong Phong Michio Nagabayashi
Chief Accountant Chairman – cum General Director

# Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014 (Indirect method)

Form B 03a - DN/HN

	Code	Note	Six-month po 30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIV	VITIES			
(Loss)/profit before tax Adjustments for	01		(89,866,009)	30,384,508
Depreciation and amortisation	02		18,896,510	18,891,921
Allowances and provisions	03		16,367,790	28,418
Unrealised foreign exchange losses	04		4,694,629	4,686,675
Income from loan waiving	05		-	(104,006,972)
Interest income	05		(160,178)	(617,016)
Interest expense	06		3,470,061	4,278,250
Operating loss before changes in working capital	08	_	(46,597,197)	(46,354,216)
Change in receivables	09		6,145,307	34,173
Change in inventories	10		(28,573,084)	(24,972,888)
Change in payables and other liabilities	11		17,998,296	53,960,078
Changes in prepayments	12		174,869	(1,928,515)
		_	(50,851,809)	(19,261,368)
Interest paid	13		(4,058,413)	(6,892,360)
Net cash flows from operating activities	20	<del>-</del>	(54,910,222)	(26,153,728)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIV	ITIES			
Payments for additions to fixed assets and				
other long-term assets	21		(5,922,456)	(5,106,234)
Receipts of interest	27		160,178	617,016
Net cash flows from investing activities	30	_	(5,762,278)	(4,489,218)

# Interfood Shareholding Company and its subsidiary Consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014 (Indirect method - continued)

Form B 03a - DN/HN

			Six-month period ended		
	Code	Note	30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIV	ITIES				
Proceeds from short-term borrowings Payments to settle loan principals	33 34		31,590,000	(20,828,000)	
Net cash flows from financing activities	40	-	31,590,000	(20,828,000)	
Net cash flows during the period $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50	-	(29,082,500)	(51,470,946)	
Cash at the beginning of the period	60		97,180,048	82,201,930	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash	61		376,323	82,515	
Cash at the end of the period $(70 = 50 + 60 + 61)$	70	5	68,473,871	30,813,499	
NON-CASH ACTIVITIES					
			Six-month per	riod ended	
			30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000	
Waiver of long-term loans			-	104,006,972	
18 Aug	gust 2014	=			
10 Aug	ust 2014				
Prepared by:			Approved by:		
(Signed)		(S	igned and sealed)		
Nguyen Hong Phong Chief Accountant			ichio Nagabayashi n – cum General D		

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These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements.

# 1. Reporting Entity

Interfood Shareholding Company ("the Company") is incorporated as a joint stock company in Vietnam. The consolidated interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2014 comprises the Company and its subsidiary, Avafood Shareholding Company ("Avafood") (collectively "the Group"). The principal activities of the Group are to process agricultural and aquatic products into canned, dried, frozen, salted, and pickled products; and the production of biscuits and snack food; carbonated fruit juice and non-carbonated fruit juice, beverage with non-carbonated or carbonated, with or without low alcohol (less than 10%); bottled filtered water; manufactured packaging for foods and beverages; and performance of the right to export, import products in accordance with business operation as required by law.

The Company owns 90.4% of the equity interests in Avafood, whose principal activities are to provide processing service and produce products including fruit juice, beverage, bottled filtered water; biscuits, jams and sweets, snack food; and from agricultural and aquatic products, livestock; lease a workshop, office; and performance of the right to export, import products in accordance with business operation as required by law under the Investment Licence No. 48/GP-ĐN issued by the People's Committee of Dong Nai Province on 19 July 2002.

The Company's shares were listed on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange in accordance with the Listing License No. 61/UBCK-GPNY issued by the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange on 29 September 2006.

According to the Announcement No. 395/2013 of Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange, the Company's shares were delisted on 3 May 2013 and thereafter traded on Vietnam Security Depository.

As at 30 June 2014, the Group had 1,562 employees (31/12/2013: 1,434 employees).

# 2. Basis of preparation

### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard 27 – Interim Financial Reporting, the relevant requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting System for Enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting.

### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated interim financial statements, except for the consolidated statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost concept. The consolidated statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

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### (c) Going concern assumption

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Group has incurred net loss after tax of VND89,575 million (six-month period ended 30/6/2013: profit of VND30,144 million) during the period and at the balance sheet date, current liabilities exceeded current assets by VND216,180 million (31/12/2013: VND141,691 million) and total liabilities exceeded total assets by VND25,139 million. Furthermore, the Group has significant loans that will require refinancing within the next 12 months (Note 11). The validity of the going concern assumption fundamentally depends on the ultimate majority shareholder continuing to provide such financial assistance as is necessary to enable the Group to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to maintain the Group in existence as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

At the time of this report, there is no reason for the management to believe that the ultimate majority shareholder will not continue its support.

### (d) Annual accounting period

The annual accounting period of the Group is from 1 January to 31 December.

### (e) Accounting currency

The consolidated interim financial statements are prepared and presented in Vietnam Dong ("VND") rounded to the nearest thousand ("VND'000").

# 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Group in the preparation of these consolidated interim financial statements.

### (a) Basis of consolidation

### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated interim financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

### (ii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated interim financial statements.

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## (b) Foreign currency

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than VND are translated into VND at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in currencies other than VND during the period have been translated into VND at rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates.

All foreign exchange differences are recorded in the consolidated statement of income.

### (c) Cash

Cash comprises cash balances and call deposits.

### (d) Accounts receivable

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts.

#### (e) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost in the case of finished goods and work in progress includes raw materials, direct labour and attributable manufacturing overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventory items, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Group applies the perpetual method of accounting for inventory.

### (f) Tangible fixed assets

### (i) Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repair, maintenance and overhaul cost, is charged to the consolidated statement of income in the period in which the cost is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of tangible fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets.

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### (ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets. The estimated useful lives are as follow:

buildings
 machinery and equipment
 motor vehicles
 office equipment
 15 – 30 years
 10 – 15 years
 6 years
 10 years

### (g) Intangible fixed assets

### **Software**

Cost of acquiring new software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware, is capitalised and treated as an intangible asset. Software cost is amortised on a straight-line basis over 10 years.

### (h) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of construction and machinery which have not been fully completed or installed. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the period of construction and installation.

### (i) Long-term prepayments

### (i) Prepaid land costs

Prior to 1 January 2014, rights to use leased land obtained after the effective date of Land Law (2003) were classified as intangible fixed assets and had been amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of related land lease contracts. Effective from 1 January 2014, the Company prospectively adopted the requirement of Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25 April 2013 of the Ministry of Finance which provides guidance on management, use and depreciation of fixed assets ("Circular 45") which stipulates that land use rights from land lease contract obtained after 1 July 2004, the effective date of Land Law (2003), are not recognized as intangible fixed assets and were therefore reclassified as long-term prepayments. Prepayments for land use rights under land lease contracts are initially stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of related lease contracts of 45.5 years.

### (ii) Renovation expenses

Renovation expenses are initially stated at cost and are amortised on a straight line basis over 3 years starting from the date of completion of the renovation.

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## (iii) Tools and supplies

Tools and supplies include assets held for use by the Group in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under Circular 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25 April 2013 of the Ministry of Finance which provides guidance on management, use and depreciation of fixed assets ("Circular 45"). Cost of tools and supplies are amortised on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

### (j) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their cost.

### (k) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

### Severance allowance

Under the Vietnamese Labour Code, when employees who have worked for 12 months or more ("eligible employees") voluntarily terminates his/her labour contract, the employer is required to pay the eligible employee severance allowance calculated based on years of service and employees' compensation at termination. Provision for severance allowance has been provided based on employees' years of service and their current salary level.

Pursuant to Law on Social Insurance, effective from 1 January 2009 the Group and its employees are required to contribute to an unemployment insurance fund managed by the Vietnam Social Insurance Agency. With the implementation of unemployment insurance scheme, the Group is no longer required to provide severance allowance for the service period after 1 January 2009. However, severance allowance to be paid to the existing eligible employees as of 30 June 2014 will be determined based on the eligible employees' years of service as of 31 December 2008 and their average salary for the six-month period prior to the termination date.

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### (1) Classification of financial instruments

Solely for the purpose of providing disclosures about the significance of financial instruments to the Group's consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations and the nature and extent of risk arising from financial instruments, the Group classifies its financial instruments as follow:

### (i) Financial assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is a financial asset that meets either of the following conditions:

- It is considered by management as held for trading. A financial asset is considered as held for trading if:
  - it is acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
  - there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
  - a derivative (except for a derivative that is financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).
- Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the Group as at fair value through profit or loss.

### Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed maturity that the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, other than:

- those that the Group upon initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit or loss;
- those that the Group designates as available-for-sale; and
- those that meet the definition of loans and receivables.

### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those:

- that the Group intends to sell immediately or in the near term, which are classified as held for trading, and those that the entity on initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit or loss;
- that the Group upon initial recognition designates as available-for-sale; or
- for which the Group may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which are classified as available-for-sale.

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Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or those are not classified as:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- held-to-maturity investments; or
- loans and receivables.

The Group's financial assets, comprising cash in bank, accounts receivable and other receivables, are under the category of loans and receivables.

### (ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability at fair value through profit or loss is a financial liability that meets either of the following conditions:

- It is considered by management as held for trading. A financial liability is considered as held for trading if:
  - it is incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term;
  - there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
  - a derivative (except for a derivative that is financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).
- Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the Group as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

Financial liabilities which are not classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

The Group's financial liabilities, comprising borrowings, accounts payable and other payables, are under the category of financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

The above described classification of financial instruments is solely for presentation and disclosure purpose and is not intended to be a description of how the instruments are measured. Accounting policies for measurement of financial instruments are disclosed in other relevant notes.

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## (m) Taxation

Income tax on the consolidated profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

### (n) Acquisition reserve

The difference between the consideration given and the aggregate book value of assets and liabilities of the acquired entity in a business combination involving entities under common control is recorded as acquisition reserve under other reserves.

### (o) Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised in the consolidated statement of income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

### (p) Operating lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the consolidated statement of income as an integral part of the total lease expense.

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### (q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except where the borrowing costs relate to borrowings in respect of the construction of qualifying assets, in which case the borrowing costs incurred during the period of construction are capitalised as part of the cost of the assets concerned.

## (r) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share ("EPS") for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. The Group does not present diluted EPS as it has no potential ordinary shares.

### (s) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing related products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format for segment reporting is based on business segments.

### (t) Related companies

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

# 4. Segment reporting

The Group mainly operates in one business segment, which is the production and sales of foods and beverage and in one geographical segment, which is Vietnam.

### 5. Cash

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Cash on hand Cash in banks	106,266 68,367,605	150,812 97,029,236
	68,473,871	97,180,048

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# 6. Inventories

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Goods in transit Raw materials	964,025 43,744,336	57,807,048
Tools and supplies Work in progress	13,669,153 4,234,158	10,352,938 2,439,256
Finished goods	146,384,819	109,824,165
	208,996,491	180,423,407
Allowance for inventories	(16,338,436)	-
	192,658,055	180,423,407

The outstanding balance of the allowance for inventories represented allowance made during the period.

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# 7. Tangible fixed assets

	Buildings VND'000	Machinery and equipment VND'000	Motor vehicles VND'000	Office equipment VND'000	Total VND'000
Cost					
Opening balance Additions Transfers from construction in	115,917,681	471,348,970 1,335,335	9,686,896 120,000	4,409,686	601,363,233 1,455,335
progress	785,355	2,525,400	-	142,050	3,452,805
Closing balance	116,703,036	475,209,705	9,806,896	4,551,736	606,271,373
Accumulated depre	eciation				
Opening balance Charge for the perio	23,991,103 d 1,989,594	259,782,769 15,747,496	6,476,420 398,796	2,786,447 235,277	293,036,739 18,371,163
Closing balance	25,980,697	275,530,265	6,875,216	3,021,724	311,407,902
Net book value					
Opening balance Closing balance	91,926,578 90,722,339	211,566,201 199,679,440	3,210,476 2,931,680	1,623,239 1,530,012	308,326,494 294,863,471

Included in the cost of tangible fixed assets were assets costing VND24,671 million which were fully depreciated as of 30 June 2014 (31/12/2013: VND23,357 million), but are still in active use.

The carrying amount of temporarily idle tangible fixed assets amounted to VND15,614 million as of 30 June 2014 (31/12/2013: VND16,753 million).

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# 8. Intangible fixed assets

	Land use rights VND'000	Software VND'000	Total VND'000
Cost			
Opening balance Additions Transfer to long-term prepayments	34,749,926 (34,749,926)	8,926,021 1,889,172	43,675,947 1,889,172 (34,749,926)
Closing balance	-	10,815,193	10,815,193
Accumulated amortisation			
Opening balance Charge for the period Transfer to long-term prepayments	7,090,919 - (7,090,919)	702,455 525,347	7,793,374 525,347 (7,090,919)
Closing balance	-	1,227,802	1,227,802
Net book value			
Opening balance Closing balance	27,659,007	8,223,566 9,587,391	35,882,573 9,587,391

# 9. Construction in progress

Six-month period ended	
30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000
2,731,811 2,577,949	8,398,225 4,285,867
(3,452,805)	(559,426)
-	(8,369,566)
(330,607)	-
1,526,348	3,755,100
	30/6/2014 VND'000 2,731,811 2,577,949 (3,452,805) (330,607)

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# 10. Long-term prepayments

	Prepaid land costs VND'000	Renovation expenses VND'000	Tools and supplies VND'000	Total VND'000
Opening balance	-	1,350,129	3,640,637	4,990,766
Additions	-	-	1,005,864	1,005,864
Transfer from intangible fixed				
assets	27,659,007	-	-	27,659,007
Amortisation for the period	(347,500)	(437,143)	(940,531)	(1,725,174)
Closing balance	27,311,507	912,986	3,705,970	31,930,463

# 11. Short-term borrowings

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Loans from Kirin Holdings Company, Limited	362,015,000	326,740,000

Terms and conditions of outstanding unsecured short-term borrowings were as follow:

	Currency	Nominal interest rate	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Loan 1	USD	LIBOR plus 0.8% p.a.	149,065,000	147,560,000
Loan 2	USD	LIBOR plus 0.8% p.a.	181,007,500	179,180,000
Loan 3	USD	LIBOR plus 0.8% p.a.	31,942,500	-
			362,015,000	326,740,000

The applicable interest rates of these loans ranged from 0.990% to 1.492% per annum during the period (year ended 31 December 2013: 1.077% to 1.487%).

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# 12. Accounts payable – trade

Accounts payable - trade included the following amounts due to related companies:

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Amounts due to Vietnam Kirin Beverage Company Limited	20,390,121	2,502,632

The amounts due to Vietnam Kirin Beverage Company Limited represented processing fee payable, which was unsecured, interest free and are payable on demand.

# 13. Taxes payable to State Treasury

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Value added tax	281,053	221,221
Personal income tax	18,982	135,274
Foreign contractor tax	100,355	100,355
	400,390	456,850

# 14. Accrued expenses

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Transportation fees	9,369,054	5,378,039
Sales discounts and commission	3,330,029	2,110,356
Loans interest payable	2,548,834	3,137,186
Secondment fee payable (*)	4,855,191	4,591,183
Others	5,512,686	2,531,310
	25,615,794	17,748,074

<sup>(\*)</sup> According to the Secondment Agreement dated 1 July 2011, the Group agreed to pay secondment fee to Kirin Holdings Company, Limited, who provides strategic and management advice and assistance to the Group at fixed amounts stipulated in the agreement with each seconded employee.

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# 15. Other payables

Other payables comprised:

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Dividends payable	505,391	505,391
Trade union, social and health insurance	171,516	122,077
Others	177,241	93,216
	854,148	720,684

# 16. Long-term borrowings

	Currency	Interest rate	Year of maturity	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Unsecured loan from Kirin Holdings Company, Limited (*)	USD	1.896% p.a.	2017	138,417,500	137,020,000

<sup>(\*)</sup> The unsecured loans bore fixed interest rate of 1.896% p.a., which is based on USD Swap Semi 30/360 5-year plus 0.8% per annum according to current Kirin Group's financial rules.

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# 17. Deferred tax liabilities

# (i) Recognised deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities related to temporary differences arising from depreciation of fixed assets.

# (ii) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	30/6/2014		31/12/2013	
	Temporary difference VND'000	Tax value VND'000	Temporary difference VND'000	Tax value VND'000
Deductible temporary differences Tax losses	42,784,564 116,905,813	9,412,604 25,719,279	19,036,916 70,364,730	4,188,122 15,480,230
	159,690,377	35,131,883	89,401,646	19,668,352

The tax losses expire in the following years:

Year of expiry	Status of tax review	Tax losses available VND'000
2014	Finalised	16,258,601
2015	Finalised	1,506,073
2016	Finalised	30,014,879
2017	Outstanding	19,615,306
2019	Outstanding	49,510,954
		116,905,813

The deductible temporary differences other than tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits therefrom.

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# 18. Provision for severance allowance

Movements of provision for severance allowance during the period were as follow:

	Six-month period ended	
	30/6/2014	30/6/2013
	VND'000	VND'000
Opening balance	3,124,794	3,327,503
Provision made during the period	29,354	28,418
Provision utilised during the period	(69,623)	(67,876)
Closing balance	3,084,525	3,288,045

During the period, the Group contributed VND599 million (year ended 31 December 2013: VND1,020 million) to the unemployment insurance fund and the amount is recorded as part of labour and staff costs in the consolidated statement of income.

# 19. Movement in owner's equity

	Share capital VND'000	Share premium VND'000	Other reserves VND'000	Accumulated losses VND'000	Total VND'000
Balance at 31 December 2012	381,443,888	85,035,704	(32,535,252)	(495,750,639)	(61,806,299)
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	26,732,188	26,732,188
Balance at 30 June 2013	381,443,888	85,035,704	(32,535,252)	(469,018,451)	(35,074,111)
Balance at 31 December 2013	591,443,888	85,035,704	(32,535,252)	(579,228,333)	64,716,007
Net loss for the period Reclassification (Note 21(b))	(90,034,048)	-	90,034,048	(89,855,051)	(89,855,051)
(1000 21(0))	(70,034,040)		70,054,040		
Balance at 30 June 2014	501,409,840	85,035,704	57,498,796	(669,083,384)	(25,139,044)

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# 20. Share capital

The Group's authorised and issued share capital is:

	30/6/2014	
	Number of shares	VND'000
<b>Authorised and issued share capital</b> Ordinary shares	50,140,992	501,409,920
Shares in circulation Ordinary shares	50,140,984	501,409,840

All ordinary shares have a par value of VND10,000. Each share is entitled to one vote at meetings of the Company. Shareholders are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. All ordinary shares are ranked equally with regard to the Group's residual assets. In respect of shares bought back by the Group, all rights are suspended until those shares are reissued.

Please refer to Notes 19 and 21(b) for movement in share capital.

### 21. Other reserves

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Acquisition reserve (a) Other reserves (b)	(32,535,252) 90,034,048	(32,535,252)
	57,498,796	(32,535,252)

- (a) In 2007, the Company acquired 90% shareholding of Avafood in a business combination under common control. This amount represents the difference between consideration given and the net amounts of assets and liabilities of Avafood attributable to the Group at the acquisition date.
- (b) On 1 January 2013, the Group changed its accounting currency from United States Dollars ("USD") to Vietnam Dong ("VND") in accordance with the requirements of Circular No. 244/2010/TT/BTC dated 31 December 2009 of the Ministry of Finance ("Circular 244"). Accordingly, all balances in USD as at 31 December 2012 have been translated to VND at the exchange rate of VND20,828 to USD1. During 2014, the Company adjusted the share capital to reflect the issued capital at par. The difference between the converted value and par value of ordinary shares in VND is reflected as other reserves.

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# 22. Revenue

Total revenue represents the gross value of goods sold exclusive of value added tax.

Net revenue comprised

	Six-month period ended	
	30/6/2014	30/6/2013
	VND'000	VND'000
Total revenue		
<ul><li>Sales of drinks</li></ul>	472,484,092	448,604,147
<ul> <li>Sales of biscuits</li> </ul>	9,881,325	12,639,173
<ul> <li>Sales of other products</li> </ul>	63,834,407	49,974,975
Less sales deductions		
<ul> <li>Sales allowances</li> </ul>	(15,755,789)	(14,415,858)
<ul><li>Sales returns</li></ul>	(3,892,322)	(30,543)
Net revenue	526,551,713	496,771,894

# 23. Cost of sales

	Six-month period ended		
	30/6/2014	30/6/2013	
	VND'000	VND'000	
Total cost of sales			
<ul><li>Cost of drinks</li></ul>	335,909,690	312,432,941	
<ul><li>Cost of biscuits</li></ul>	8,850,694	12,396,398	
<ul><li>Cost of other products</li></ul>	51,266,225	22,698,364	
	396,026,609	347,527,703	

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# 24. Financial income

	Six-month period ended	
	30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000
Interest income from bank deposits Realised foreign exchange gains	160,178 2,778,980	617,016
Unrealised foreign exchange gains	400,580	183,479
	3,339,738	800,495

# 25. Financial expenses

	Six-month period ended		
	30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000	
Interest expense Realised foreign exchange losses Unrealised foreign exchange losses	3,470,061 2,716,684 5,095,209	4,278,250 - 4,870,154	
	11,281,954	9,148,404	

# 26. Other income

	Six-month p	Six-month period ended	
	30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000	
Loan waiver from Trade Ocean Holdings Sdn. Bhd. and Wonderfarm Biscuits & Confectionery Sdn. Bhd.	_	104,006,971	
Others	8,171,776	4,447,822	
	8,171,776	108,454,793	

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# 27. Income tax

**(b)** 

deductible temporary differences

# (a)

Recognised in the consolidated statement of income		
	Six-month pe 30/6/2014 VND'000	eriod ended 30/6/2013 VND'000
Current tax expense		
Current period	-	-
Deferred tax income		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences Effect of change in tax rate	167,386 (458,281)	240,261
	(290,895)	240,261
Income tax (benefit)/expense	(290,895)	240,261
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
	Six-month pe 30/6/2014 VND'000	eriod ended 30/6/2013 VND'000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(89,866,009)	30,384,508
Tax at the Company's tax rate	(19,770,522)	7,596,127
Effect of change in tax rate	(458,281)	-
Non-deductible expenses	4,474,377	14,397,009
Deferred tax assets not recognised	16,116,893	(14.606.750)
Tax losses not previously recognised utilised	(653,362)	(14,606,759)
Deferred tax assets not previously recognised relating to		/= 146115°

(7,146,116)

240,261

(290,895)

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### (c) Applicable tax rates

### The Company

Under the terms of the Company's Investment Certificate, the Company has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the rate of 15% of taxable profits for the first 12 years starting from the first year of operation (1994). Thereafter, from 2006 onwards the Company is subject to income tax at the rate of 25%.

According to Decree No. 24/2007/ND-CP dated 14 February 2007 (which replaced Decree No. 164/2003/ND-CP dated 22 December 2003), the Company is entitled to tax incentives in relation to the relocation of its business activities out of an urban area. In 2006, the Company relocated one of its production lines from Bien Hoa City to Tam Phuoc Industrial Zone, Bien Hoa City. As a result, profit derived from this line is exempted from corporate income tax for two years and a reduction of 50% for the following six years. Also as stated in this Decree, the Company is entitled to tax incentives in relation to investments made in new production lines that are qualified under this Decree. The tax incentives include one year of exemption from corporate income tax and a reduction of 50% for the following four years applied to profit derived from the new production lines.

Under Decree No. 124/2008/ND-CP dated 11 December 2008 (which replaced Decree No. 24/2007/ND-CP dated 14 February 2007) and Decree 122/2011ND-CP dated 27 December 2012 (which provided a number of amendments to prevailing Decree No124/2008/ND-CP), the Company will continue to enjoy its tax incentives under Decree No. 24/2007/ND-CP dated 14 February 2007.

According to Letter No. 11924/TC-CST dated 20 October 2004 issued by the Ministry of Finance, the Company is entitled to a 50% reduction for two years after listing its shares in Ho Chi Minh City Securities Trading Centre. The Company has completed the registration with the tax authority to apply the incentives commencing from 2007.

On 19 June 2013, the National Assembly approved the Law on amendments and supplements to a number of articles of the Corporate Income Tax Law. Accordingly, the highest income tax rate shall be reduced from 25% to 22% for 2014 and 2015, and to 20% from 2016.

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### Avafood Shareholding Company ("Avafood") - the Subsidiary

Under the terms of its Investment Certificate, Avafood has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the rate of 15% of taxable profits from manufacturing processed products, including fruit juice, bottled filtered water, biscuits, jams and sweets of all kinds, and from agricultural and aquatic products as well as livestock for the first 12 years starting from the first year of operation (from 2006 to 2018) and 25% for the succeeding years. The current tax regulations allow the Avafood to be exempt from income tax for 2 years starting from the first year it generates a taxable profit (from 2011 to 2012) and entitled to a 50% reduction in income tax for the 3 succeeding years. The income tax regulations also specify that if the Avafood does not generate any taxable profit in three consecutive years from the first year it generates revenue, the above tax exemption period will start in the fourth year despite the fact that no taxable profit has been made. All the above tax exemption and reduction are not applicable to other income which is taxed at a rate of 25%.

Corporate income tax is payable at the rate stipulated by the current regulations on annual profit from processing service, office and workshop lease activity (2014: 22%; 2013: 25%).

On 19 June 2013, the National Assembly approved the Law on amendments and supplements to a number of articles of the Corporate Income Tax Law. Accordingly, the highest income tax rate shall be reduced from 25% to 22% for 2014 and 2015, and to 20% from 2016.

# 28. Loss per share

### Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at 30 June 2014 was based on the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, calculated as follows:

# (i) Net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders

	Six-month period ended	
	30/6/2014 VND'000	30/6/2013 VND'000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	(89,855,051)	26,732,188

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## (ii) Weighted average number of ordinary shares

Six-month period ended 30/6/2014 30/6/2013 VND'000 VND'000

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the period

50,140,984

29,140,984

### 29. Financial instruments

### (a) Financial risk management

### (i) Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk; and
- market risk.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Company's Board of Directors oversees and monitors the Group's compliance with risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

### (ii) Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers.

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### (i) Exposure to credit risk

The total of carrying amounts of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follow:

	Note	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Cash in bank Trade and other receivables	(ii) (iii)	68,367,605 17,513,653	97,029,236 25,454,461
		85,881,258	122,483,697

### (ii) Cash in bank

The cash at bank of the Group is mainly held with well-known financial institutions. Management does not foresee any significant credit risks from these deposits and does not expect that these financial institutions may default and cause losses to the Group.

### (iii) Trade and other receivables

The carrying amount of receivables represents the maximum credit risk pertaining to receivables.

The Group's exposure to credit risk in relation to receivables is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each customer. In response to the risk, the Group has established a credit policy under which most customers have to settle payment in advance before the goods delivery is carried out. Only customers considered with high creditworthiness by the management are offered credit terms. Receivables are due within 30 days to 45 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are overdue are requested to settle the balances and management will perform an assessment before further credit is granted. No collateral is collected from the customers.

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are mostly due from companies with good collection track records with the Group. Management believes that those receivables are of high credit quality.

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The aging of trade and other receivables at period-end is as follows:

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Not past due	13,563,797	23,186,248
Past due $0 - 30$ days	2,719,361	1,410,811
Past due 31 – 180 days	862,671	857,402
Over 180 days	2,413,292	2,045,468
	19,559,121	27,499,929

There was no movement in allowance for doubtful debts during the period.

# (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group also manages its borrowings from related companies by managing the financing terms with the related companies.

Financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments have the following contractual maturities including the estimated interest payments:

30 June 2014

	Carrying amount VND'000	Contractual cash flows VND'000	Within 1 year VND'000	1 – 2 years VND'000	2 – 5 years VND'000
Trade and other payables	138,142,824	138,142,824	138,142,824	_	-
Short-term borrowings	362,015,000	362,959,196	362,959,196	-	-
Long-term borrowings	138,417,500	145,938,371	2,631,586	2,631,586	140,675,199
Other long-term					
liabilities	26,139	26,139	-	26,139	-
		· ·			
	638,601,463	647,066,530	503,733,606	2,657,725	140,675,199

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### **31 December 2013**

	Carrying amount VND'000	Contractual cash flows VND'000	Within 1 year VND'000	1 – 2 years VND'000	2 – 5 years VND'000
Trade and other payables	118,515,310	118,515,310	118,515,310	-	-
Other long-term					
liabilities	26,139	26,139	-	26,139	-
Short-term borrowings	326,740,000	328,762,855	328,762,855	-	-
Long-term borrowings	137,020,000	145,753,212	2,605,017	2,605,017	140,543,178
	582,301,449	593,057,516	449,883,182	2,631,156	140,543,178

The Group manages its ability to meet the expected operational expenses and servicing its debts by maintaining financial facility as follow:

• USD8.5 million unused short-term loan facility which renews automatically at the option of the Group. Interest would be payable at rates of Libor + 0.8% per annum.

### (d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

### (i) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on sales and purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the accounting currency of the Group, which is the VND. The currency in which these transactions primarily are denominated is USD.

The Group's exposure to currency risk is managed by keeping the exposure to an acceptable level by entering into currency transactions to address short-term over-exposures.

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Exposure to currency risk

The Group had the following net monetary liability position exposed to currency risk. The following balances are presented in original currency:

	30/06/2014 USD	31/12/2013 USD
Cash Accounts receivable – trade Account payables Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings Other monetary liabilities	1,637,906 316,679 (144,476) (17,000,000) (6,500,000)	2,073,661 306,838 (129,092) (15,500,000) (6,500,000) (3,110)
	(21,689,891)	(19,751,703)

The followings are the significant exchange rates applied by the Group:

	Exchange	Exchange rate as at	
	30/06/2014 VND	31/12/2013 VND	
USD1	21,295	21,080	

Below is an analysis of the possible impact on the net loss of the Group, after taking into account the current level of exchange rates and the historical volatility as well as market expectations. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

	Increase net loss VND'000
30 June 2014 USD (1% strengthening of USD)	4,619,947
31 December 2013 USD (1% strengthening of USD)	4,167,609

The opposite movement of the currencies would have the equal but opposite effect to the net loss of the Group.

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# (ii) Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying amount 30/06/2014 31/12/2013 VND'000 VND'000	
Fixed rate instruments Financial liabilities	(138,417,500)	(137,020,000)
Variable rate instruments Financial assets Financial liabilities	68,367,605 (362,015,000)	97,029,236 (326,740,000)
	(293,647,395)	(229,710,764)

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates would have increased net losses of the Group by VND2,290 million (year ended 31 December 2013: VND1,723 million). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

No policy was in place pertaining to the mitigation of any potential volatility of the interest rate.

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### (e) Fair values

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities shown in the consolidated balance sheet, are as follow:

	30/6/2014		31/12/2013	
	Carrying amount VND'000	Fair value VND'000	Carrying amount VND'000	Fair value VND'000
Categorised as loans and receivables:				
<ul><li>Cash in banks</li></ul>	68,367,605	68,367,605	97,029,236	97,029,236
<ul> <li>Trade and other receivables</li> </ul>	17,513,653	(*)	25,454,461	(*)
Categorised as liabilities at amortised cost:				
<ul> <li>Trade and other payables</li> </ul>	(138, 142, 824)	(*)	(118,515,310)	(*)
<ul> <li>Short-term borrowings</li> </ul>	(362,015,000)	(*)	(326,740,000)	(*)
<ul><li>Long-term borrowings</li><li>Other long-term</li></ul>	(138,417,500)	(*)	(137,020,000)	(*)
liabilities	(26,139)	(*)	(26,139)	(*)
_	(552,720,205)		(459,817,752)	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The Group has not determined fair values of these financial instruments for disclosure in the consolidated interim financial statements because information about their market prices is not available and there is currently no guidance on determination of fair value using valuation techniques under the Vietnamese Accounting Standards or the relevant requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises. The fair values of these financial instruments may differ from their carrying amounts.

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# 30. Significant transactions with related parties

In addition to related party balances disclosed in other notes to the consolidated interim financial statements, during the period there were the following significant transactions with related parties:

	Transaction value Six-month period ended 30/6/2014 30/6/2013 VND'000 VND'000	
Kirin Holding Company, Limited		
Ultimate Parent Company		
Short-term loan received	31,590,000	-
Interest expense	3,470,061	4,278,250
Secondment fees	4,837,586	4,642,731
Vietnam Kirin Beverage Company, Limited		
Purchase of goods	5,109	-
Processing fee	48,272,295	23,692,931
<b>Board of Directors and Board of Management</b>		
Secondment fees	2,811,544	2,253,168
Salary	659,312	652,200

# 31. Commitments

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

	30/6/2014 VND'000	31/12/2013 VND'000
Within one year Within two to five years	5,597,046 2,373,301	5,597,046 3,772,563
	7,970,347	9,369,609

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# 32. Production and business costs by element

	Six-month period ended		
	30/6/2014	30/6/2013	
	VND'000	VND'000	
Raw material costs included in production costs	334,343,755	271,766,724	
Labour costs and staff costs	91,244,524	83,135,843	
Depreciation and amortisation	18,896,510	18,891,921	
Outside services	223,323,045	176,703,008	
Other expenses	815,930	13,826,926	

18 August 2014

Prepared by: Approved by:

(Signed and sealed)

Nguyen Hong Phong Michio Nagabayashi
Chief Accountant Chairman – cum General Director